



Q2 METALS CORP.

Q2 METALS CORP. (the “Company”)

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended February 28, 2026

This Management Discussion and Analysis (“**MD&A**”) of financial position and results of operation is prepared by management and approved by the Company’s Board of Directors as at June 29, 2026. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2026 for the Company and the related notes thereon (the “**Financial Statements**”).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“**IFRS**”). Except as otherwise disclosed, all dollar figures included therein and in the following MD&A are quoted in Canadian dollars. Additional information is provided in the Company's consolidated financial statements and other documents. The MD&A covers the year ended February 28, 2026 and the subsequent period up to the date of issuance of this MD&A.

This MD&A contains forward-looking information. Please refer to the cautionary language at the end of this document.

In this MD&A, unless the context otherwise requires, references to “we”, “us”, “our” or similar terms, as well as references to “Q2” or the “Company”, refer to **Q2 Metals Corp.**

Our Business

The Company is a Canadian mineral exploration company focused on its Cisco Lithium Project (the “**Cisco Project**”) which is comprised of 801 Exclusive Exploration Rights (“**EERs**”, formerly referred to as mineral claims), approximately 41,253 hectares (“**ha**”) in size and located in the territory of the Nemaska Cree Nation, Eeyou Istchee, James Bay, Quebec, Canada, less than 10 kilometres (“**km**”) east of the Billy Diamond Highway and approximately 150 km north of Matagami, Quebec.

The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia, Alberta and Ontario and trades on Tier 2 of the TSX Venture Exchange (“**TSXV**”) in Canada under stock symbol QTWO, the Frankfurt Stock Exchange in Germany (“**458**”), and the OTCQB (“**QUEXF**”). The head office and principal business address of the Company is Suite 904 – 409 Granville Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 1T2.

The Company’s disclosure of a technical or scientific nature in respect of the Cisco and Mia Projects has been reviewed and approved by Neil McCallum, B.Sc., P.Geol, a Qualified Person as defined by *National Instrument 43-101* (“**NI 43-101**”), and a registered permit holder with the

Ordre des Géologues du Québec and member in good standing with the Professional Geoscientists of Ontario. Mr. McCallum is a director and the Vice President Exploration for Q2.

The Company's disclosure of a technical or scientific nature in respect of the Big Hill and Titan Projects has been reviewed and approved by Simon Tear BSc (Hons), PGEO, Eur Geol, a consultant to the Company and a Qualified Person under the definition of NI 43-101.

Outlook

As the Company is principally engaged in the business of exploring and developing mineral properties, all of the efforts of the Company are devoted to these activities and to date, the Company has no source of revenue.

The Company will continue to require additional capital to fund future administrative expenditures and to advance the Company's projects and complete project investigation activities.

Corporate Highlights

Financings

2024 Private Placement Financing:

On July 31, 2024 and August 9, 2024 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of units of the Company by issuing a total of:

- 1,165,657 flow-through units of the Company at a price of \$0.35 per unit for gross proceeds of \$407,980. Each flow-through unit consisted of one flow-through common share and one half of one share purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a "**2024 Warrant**"). Each 2024 Warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional non-flow-through common share at a price of \$0.50 for two years;
- 9,719,998 non-flow-through units of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,430,000. Each non-flow-through unit consisted of one non-flow-through common share of the Company and one half of one 2024 Warrant; and
- 8,506,315 charity flow-through units of the Company at a price of \$0.475 per unit (the "Charity Units") for gross proceeds of \$4,040,500. Each Charity Unit consisted of one flow-through common share and one half of one share purchase 2024 Warrant;

Aggregate finders' fees of \$85,425 and 306,600 broker warrants were paid to arm's length finders in connection with the closing of the private placement, with each such broker warrant bearing the same terms as the 2024 Warrants.

2025 Charity Flow-through Financing

On August 14, 2025, the Company completed a charity flow-through private placement consisting of a total of 26,000,000 common shares of the Company at a price of \$1.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$26,000,000.

The issuance consisted of the sale of 25,000,000 flow-through common shares ("**2025 FT Shares**") sold pursuant to the listed issuer financing exemption under Part 5A of National Instrument 45-106 – Prospectus Exemptions ("**NI 45-106**") as amended by Coordinated Blanket Order 45-935 – Exemptions from Certain Conditions of the Listed Issuer Financing Exemption (the "**Listed Issuer Financing Exemption**") (the "**LIFE FT Shares**") and 1,000,000 2025 FT Shares (the "**Non-LIFE FT Shares**") pursuant to prospectus exemptions under NI 45-106 other than the Listed Issuer Financing Exemption.

The Company paid \$1,300,000 in commission and issued 1,300,000 broker warrants, each exercisable into one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.90 for 3 years.

The Company is required to use an amount equal to the gross proceeds received by the Company from the sale of the FT Shares, pursuant to the provisions in the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "**Tax Act**"), to incur (or be deemed to incur) eligible "**Canadian exploration expenses**" that qualify as "flow-through critical mineral mining expenditures" (as both terms are defined in the Tax Act) (the "**Qualifying Expenditures**") related to the Company's mineral projects in Québec, on or before December 31, 2026, and renounced all the Qualifying Expenditures in favour of the subscribers of the FT Shares effective on or before December 31, 2025.

2026 Bought-deal Financing

On May 26, 2026, the Company announced that it had completed a bought-deal private placement basis consisting of the issuance of:

- 20,409,000 common shares of the Company at a price of \$2.45 per Common Share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$50,002,050; and
- 5,556,000 common shares of the Company that qualify as a "flow-through share" within the meaning of subsection 66(15) of the Tax Act (the "**2026 FT Shares**") at a price of \$3.60 per 2026 FT Share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$20,001,600.

The bought-deal private placement was underwritten by Canaccord Genuity Corp. on behalf of a syndicate of underwriters.

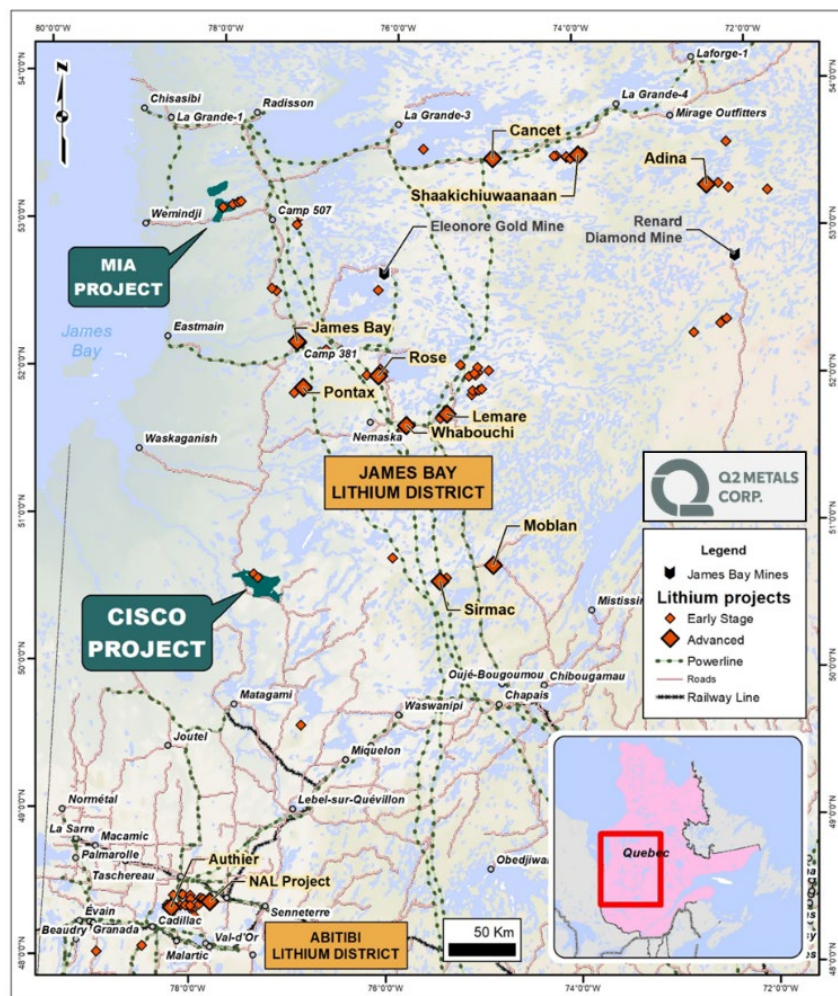
The Company is required to use an amount equal to the gross proceeds received by the Company from the sale of the 2026 FT Shares, pursuant to the provisions in the Tax Act, to incur (or be deemed to incur) eligible Qualifying Expenditures related to the Company's projects in Québec, on or before December 31, 2027, and to renounce all the Qualifying Expenditures in favour of the subscribers of the 2026 FT Shares effective December 31, 2026.

Changes to Board of Directors and Officers

- On October 2, 2025, the appointment of Mr. Simon Gaivin as Vice-President, Environmental, Social and Governance.
- On October 27, 2025, the appointment of Mr. Keith Phillips to the Board of Directors of the Company.
- On December 9, 2025, Jody Bellefleur did not stand for re-election to the Board of Directors of the Company; and
- On February 3, 2026, the Company announced the appointment of Mr. Keith Phillips to the role of Executive Chair of the Board of Directors.

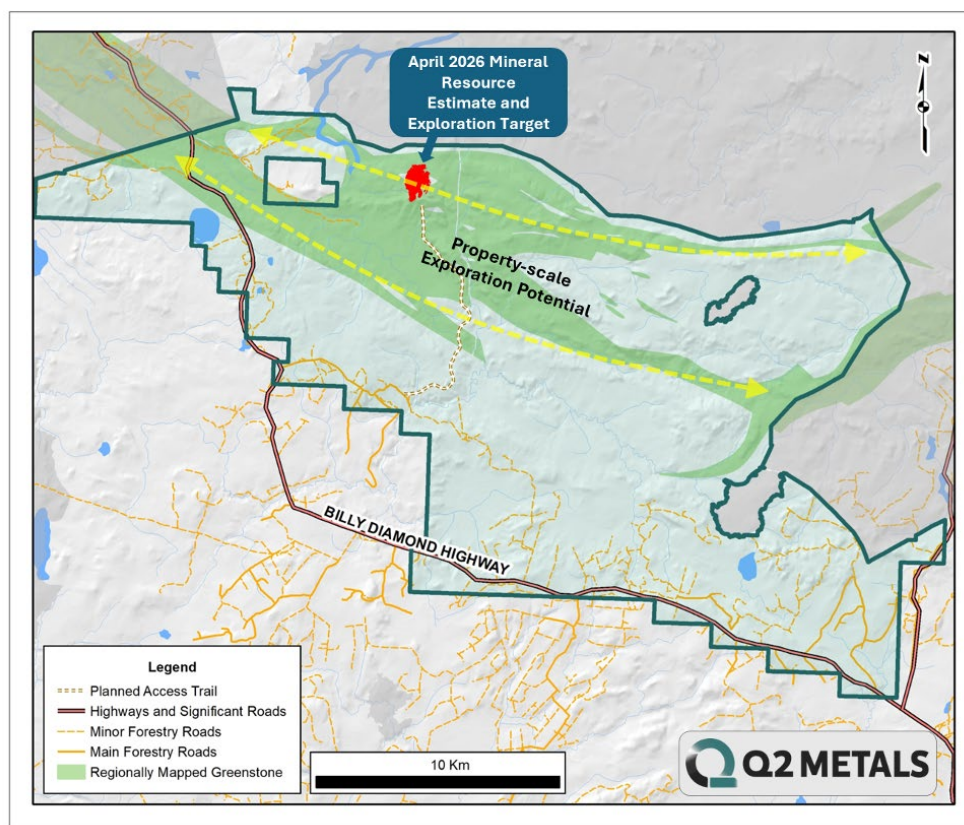
Exploration Highlights

The Company's principal exploration project is the Cisco Project, located in the Eeyou Istchee Cree Territory, James Bay region of Quebec, Canada.



Q2 Mineral Projects in Quebec

The Cisco Project is comprised of four groups of EERs: the Broadback block, the Cisco block, the Ouagama block and the Expansion block, collectively consisting of 801 EERs, totaling 41,253 hectares in size.



Cisco Project

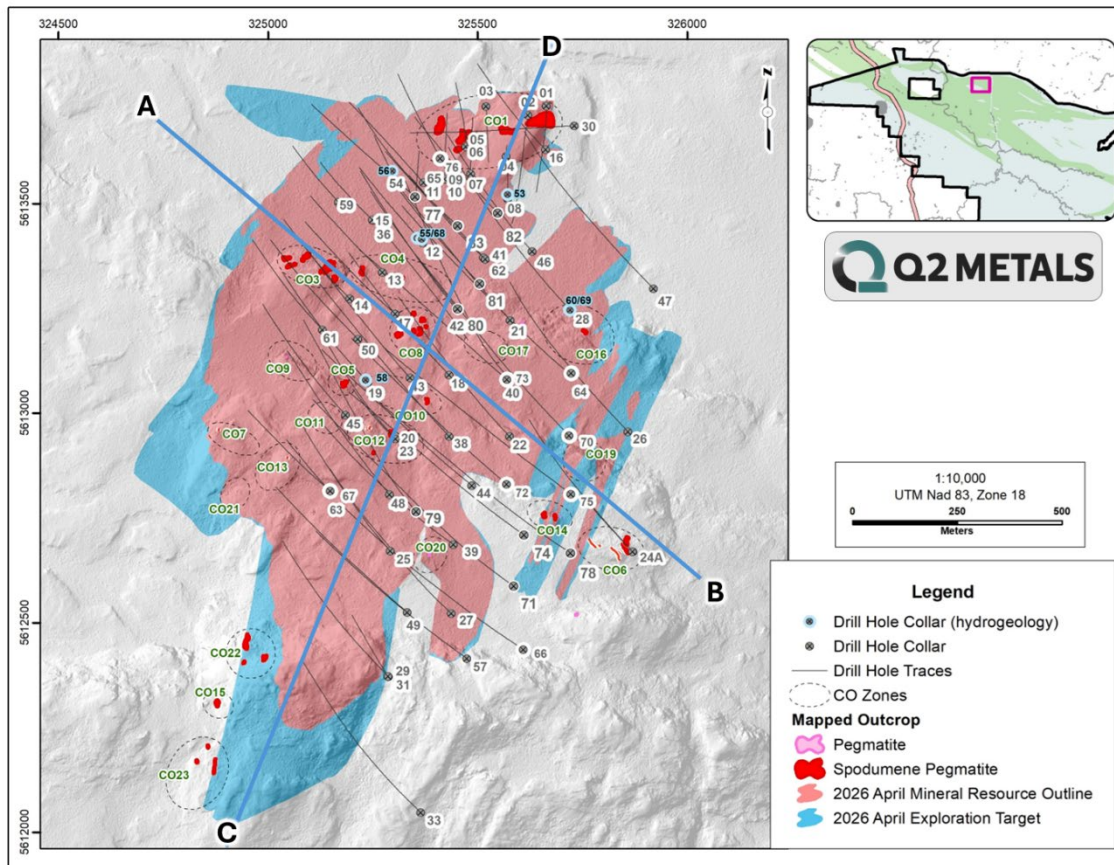
On April 20, 2026, the Company announced the inaugural National Instrument 43-101 *Standards for Disclosure of Mineral Projects* (“**NI 43-101**”) compliant Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate for the Cisco Project (the “**MRE**”):

Classification	Scenario	Cut-off Grade % Li ₂ O	Mass (t)	Li ₂ O (%)	Li ₂ O (t)	LCE (t)
Inferred	Open Pit	0.4	270,455,000	1.36	3,683,000	9,108,000
	Underground	0.7	24,203,000	1.34	326,000	805,000
	Total	Combined	294,658,000	1.36	4,007,000	9,913,000

- Mineral Resources were prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and the CIM Definition Standards (2014). Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. This estimate of Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing, economic, or other relevant issues.

- The independent Qualified Person, as defined by NI 43-101 for this estimate is Todd McCracken, P.Geo., Director – Mining & Geology – Central Canada, BBA. The Effective Date of the estimate is April 20, 2026.
- Estimation was completed using a combination of inverse distance squared (ID2) and ordinary kriging (OK) in Leapfrog Edge software with dynamic anisotropy search ellipse on specific domains.
- Drill hole composites at 1 m in length. Block size is 10 m x 10 m x 5 m with sub-blocking.
- Both underground and open-pit conceptual mining shapes were applied as constraints to demonstrate reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. Cut-off grades for open-pit constrained resources are 0.40% Li₂O, and for underground constrained resources is 0.70% Li₂O. Open-pit and underground Mineral Resource constraints are based on a spodumene concentrate price of US\$1,500/tonne (6% basis FOB Bécancour) and an exchange rate of 0.70 USD/CAD.
- The cut-off grades are based on Li₂O (%) only.
- Rounding may result in apparent summation differences between tonnes, grade, and contained metal content.
- Tonnage and grade measurements are in metric units.
- Conversion factors used: Li₂O = Li x 2.153; Li₂O to LCE x 2.473.
- Pegmatite and non-pegmatite blocks were assigned a fixed SG based on the field measurement median value of their respective lithology.

The MRE was supported by 75 drill holes over a total of 33,343 m from the 2023, 2024 and 2025 drill programs.



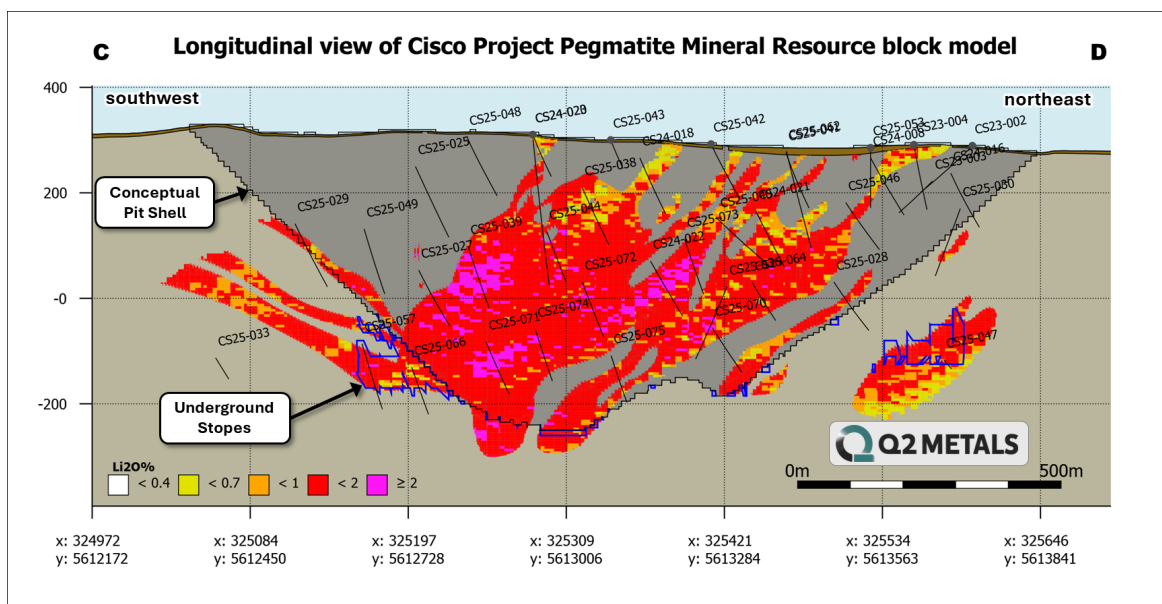
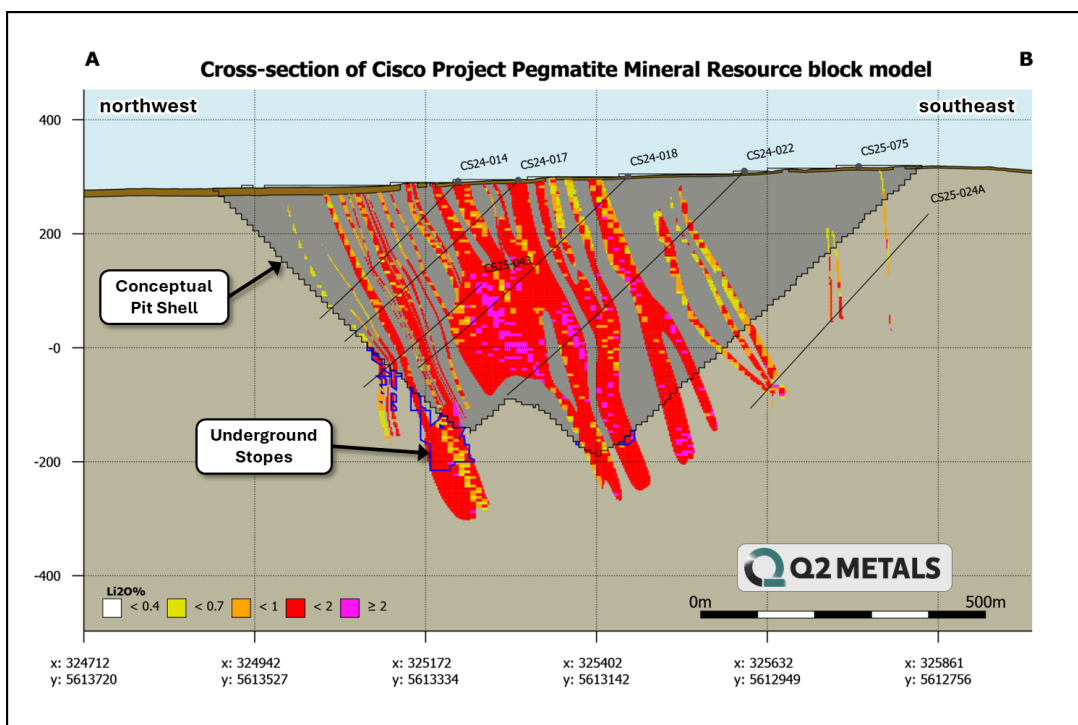
Map of Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate and Exploration Target at the Cisco Project

Mineral Resource Statement Interpretation

The geological model underpinning the MRE interprets a single, continuous, principal spodumene pegmatite body ranging in true thickness from ~2 m to ~450 m, extending over a strike length of approximately 1.8 km, with multiple associated proximate structures.

The deposit's current dimensions are roughly 1,800 m in length by up to 1,020 m in width. Drilling has extended the deposit to over 600 m in depth and it remains open in all directions.

Figure 2 is a cross-section view of the MRE block model and Figure 3 is the longitudinal view. The base case pitshell is 700 m x 660 m by 540 m in depth based on revenue factor 0.4, to limit the depth of the pit to around 500 m. Underground stope optimizer was completed on the remaining mineral resource material below the pit limits.



In addition to the MRE, an Exploration Target was also defined based on extrapolation of mineralization from drilling results and geological interpretation (the “**2026 Exploration Target**”). The 2026 Exploration Target is estimated to range from approximately 44 million tonnes (“Mt”) to 67 Mt grading between 0.88% to 1.35% Li₂O.

An Exploration Target is used to provide a conceptual estimate of the potential quantity and grade of a mineral deposit, based on known and additional limited geological evidence. It is an early-stage assessment that will help to guide further exploration, but it is not a mineral resource or mineral reserve and should not be treated as such. It is uncertain if further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a Mineral Resource.

Exploration Work

2024

A mapping & sampling program was undertaken in May & June, 2024. A total of 23 outcrop zones were identified and within those zones, 51 outcrop samples were collected and reported, containing greater than 0.20% Li₂O. The results ranged in grade up to 4.31% Li₂O, averaging 1.97% Li₂O. The main area of mineralization at surface was extended over 1.5 km by 1.9 km.

The primary objective of the Company's 2024 drill campaign was to confirm and expand the mineralized zone where the Project Vendors had worked in 2023. A total of 17 drill holes for approximately 6,360 m were drilled during the 2024 drill campaign, targeting the CO1 outcrop zone towards the CO3 outcrop area and beyond towards the CO12 outcrop. All drill holes intercepted pegmatite with visual indications of spodumene mineralization identified with several wide spodumene bearing pegmatite intervals intercepted.

Mineralization between outcrop zones CO1 to CO12 was defined for a strike length of approximately 850 m with mineralization starting at surface and on average continuing to a depth of 400 m, open in multiple directions.

2025

2025 Drill Program

The objective of the 2025 Winter Drill Program was to expand upon the drill results of the 2024 drill campaign with step outs between 200 to 400 m apart to drill test other promising zones mapped & sampled in 2024. A total of 14 drill holes for approximately 6,997 m were drilled during the Company's 2025 Winter Drill Program. The 2025 Winter Drill Program successfully doubled the strike length of the main mineralized zone from 850 m to 1.5 km.

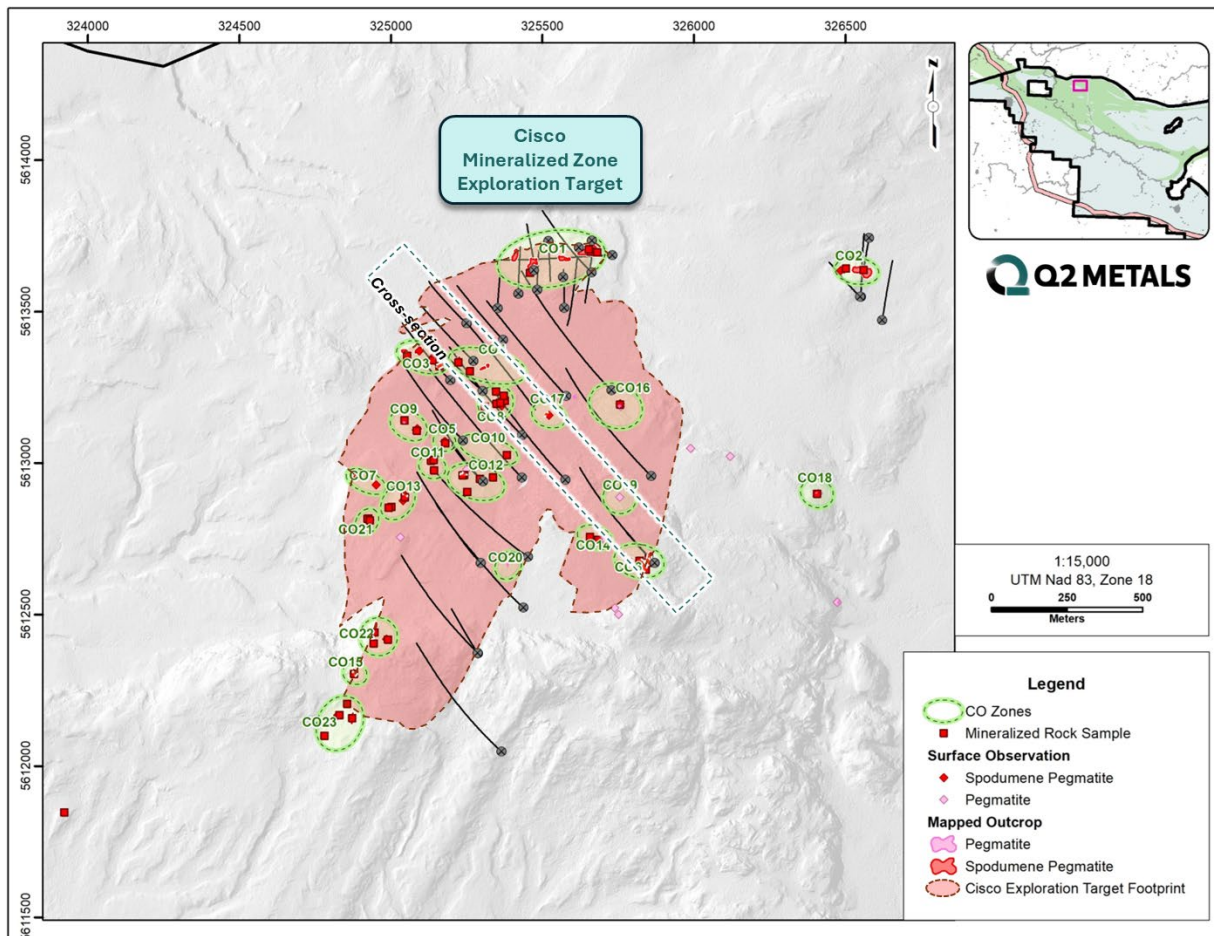
BBA Inc. ("BBA") was engaged to complete an exploration target at the Cisco Project which was published on July 21, 2025 (the "**2025 Exploration Target**"). The potential mineralization and grade was estimated to range from 215 to 329 Mt at a grade ranging from 1.0 to 1.38 % Li₂O:

	Tonnes Range (Mt)		Li ₂ O Range (%)	
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Exploration Target	215	329	1.00	1.38

2025 Exploration Target for Cisco Mineralized Zone

An Exploration Target is used to provide a conceptual estimate of the potential quantity and grade of a mineral deposit, based on known and additional limited geological evidence. It is not a mineral resource or mineral reserve and should not be treated as such and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in the target being delineated as a Mineral Resource.

The Exploration Target for the Cisco Project encompassed the main mineralized zone (the “**Mineralized Zone**”) and included a total of 40 holes drilled for 16,167.8 m:



Cisco Project showing pegmatite outcrop zones in the Exploration Target area

The 2025 Summer & Fall Drill Program was focused on infill drilling to tighten the drill spacing within the Mineralized Zone. The 2025 Summer Program also included the testing of additional outcrop zones with the aid of the geophysical targeting.

A total of 24 holes across 10,751 m were drilled during the Summer & Fall Drill Program with drilling continuing to intercept wide spodumene pegmatite intervals.

2026

2026 Winter Drilling

The 2026 drill campaign at the Cisco Lithium Project started in late January with the primary focus being on continued infill drilling of the Mineralized Zone to inform an update to the MRE as well as a Preliminary Economic Assessment (“**PEA**”). Exploration drilling will also be incorporated to test the expansion potential of areas outside of the Mineralized Zone.

A total of 10,515 m across 19 drill holes was completed during the 2026 Winter Drill Program. Analytic results of 5,909 m of drilling over 10 drill holes have been announced and assays for the remaining 9 holes are pending.

2026 Summer Exploration and Drilling

Extensive regional greenfield exploration will be undertaken over the summer, including indicator mineral till sampling and geochemical soil sampling, expanded prospecting, and mapping.

The 2026 summer drill program will target approximately 20,000 m of infill drilling to convert inferred resources toward indicated classification, as well as expansion and regional exploration drilling.

Sampling, Analytical Methods and QA/QC Protocols

A summary of the assay data and drill collar data for all drilling completed to date can be found on the Company’s website: <https://q2metals.com/projects/cisco-project/>.

All drilling was conducted using diamond drill rig with NQ sized core and all drill core samples are shipped to SGS Canada’s preparation facility in Val D’Or, Quebec, for standard sample preparation (code PRP92) which includes drying at 105°C, crushing to 90% passing 2 mm, riffle split 500 g, and pulverize 85% passing 75 microns. The pulps are then shipped by air to SGS Canada’s laboratory in Burnaby, BC, where the samples are homogenized and subsequently analyzed for multi-element (including Li and Ta) using sodium peroxide fusion with ICP-AES/MS finish (code GE_ICM91A50). The reported Li grade will be multiplied by the standard conversion factor of 2.153 which results in an equivalent Li₂O grade. Drill core was saw-cut with half-core sent for geochemical analysis and half-core remaining in the box for reference. The same side of the core was sampled to maintain representativeness.

A Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) protocol following industry best practices was incorporated into the sampling program. Measures include the systematic insertion of quartz blanks and certified reference materials (CRMs) into sample batches at a rate of approximately 5% each. Additionally, analysis of pulp-split and reject-split duplicates was completed to assess analytical precision. Each QP has verified the QA/QC results of the analytical work.

Baseline and Environmental Studies

Baseline environmental studies have been initiated at the Cisco Project and across the broader area, marking an important step in the Company's transition from exploration success toward responsible project advancement. The baseline program is designed to establish a comprehensive understanding of existing environmental conditions in and around the project and area, supporting future project planning, permitting, engineering, and stakeholder engagement.

The environmental baseline program will include studies of key environmental components such as water, wetlands, vegetation, wildlife, fish habitat, and other site-specific environmental conditions. These studies will provide the scientific foundation required to inform project design, identify potential environmental sensitivities, and support the Company's commitment to advancing Cisco in a responsible, transparent, and collaborative manner.

Metallurgical Testing

Initial metallurgical testing on drill core samples collected from the 2024 Drill Program was completed by SGS Canada on 16 drill core analytical pulp samples of pegmatite collected across seven drill holes at the Cisco Project. The purpose of the mineralogy work was to provide a preliminary characterization of the lithium pegmatite at Cisco and to orient the direction of subsequent mineral processing test work.

The samples were analyzed by X-ray diffraction ("XRD") for quantitative modal mineralogy. The samples that were submitted had representatively low, mid and high grades, with individual samples containing lithium between 0.53% and 3.8% Li₂O. The results of the XRD analysis indicated average spodumene content of 17% within sample results, ranging between 6% and 39%. The remaining minerals in the samples include quartz, albite, microcline, muscovite and occasionally biotite and/or beryl. All minerals are present in common ratios compared to other pegmatites in the James Bay Lithium District.

Follow up metallurgical test work suggests that DMS-only processing is feasible for the project includes the following results:

- Three composite samples were provided to SGS Canada Inc. for Heavy Liquid Separation (HLS) testing to assess the suitability of large-scale Dense Media Separation (DMS) processing.
 - Composite 18 achieved a 74.1% recovery to produce a 5.69% Li₂O concentrate with low iron of 0.42% Fe₂O₃.
 - Composite 21 achieved a 69.6% recovery to produce a 5.08% Li₂O concentrate with low iron of 0.55% Fe₂O₃.
 - Composite 23 achieved a 71.6% recovery to produce a 5.60% Li₂O concentrate with low iron of 0.46% Fe₂O₃.

The next phase of metallurgy work will include additional HLS test work on other areas of the main mineralized zone at the Cisco Project.

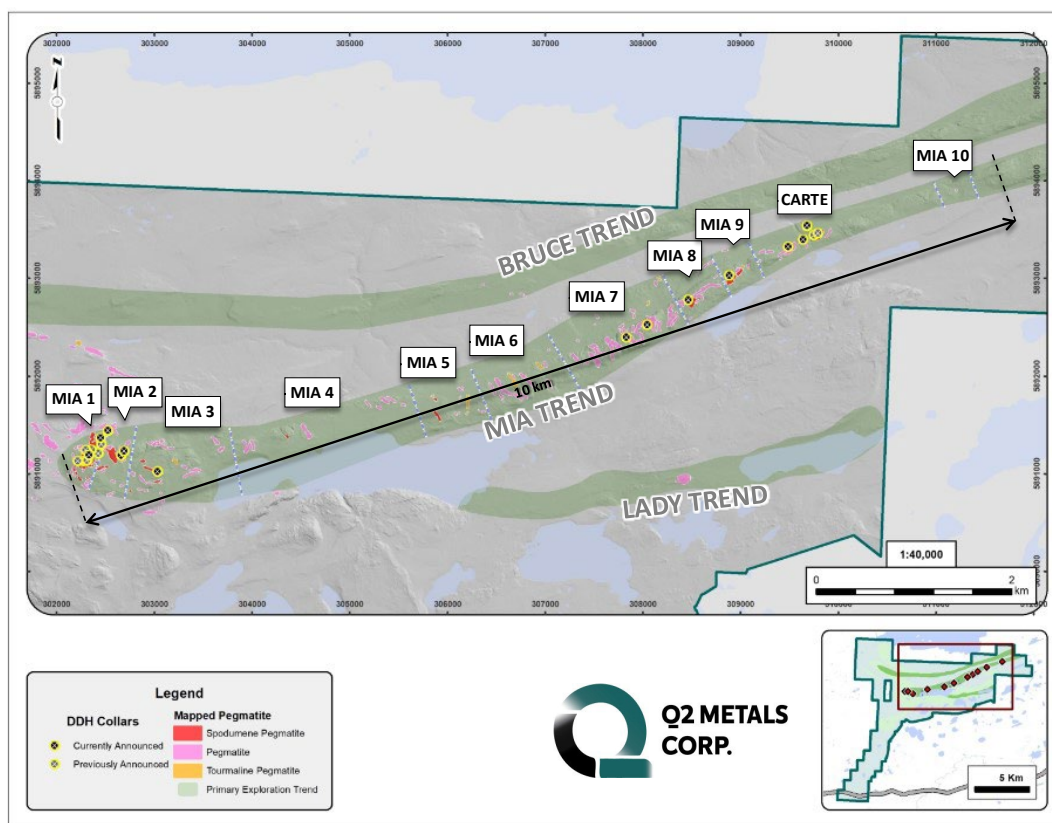
Other Projects

Mia Lithium Project

The Mia Lithium Project is comprised of 171 EERs, located approximately 62 km east of the village of the Wemindji Cree Nation, Eeyou Istchee, James Bay, Quebec. The lithium mineral showings are located approximately 22 km from the Billy Diamond Highway, proximal to major hydro-powerline and all-season road infrastructure. The Company acquired the Mia Lithium Project in November 2022.

Prospecting, mapping and rock sampling was conducted on the Mia Lithium Project in September 2023 during which additional spodumene occurrences were discovered. A total of 192 individual pegmatite outcrops were mapped along the Mia Exploration Trend and rock samples were collected at these sites to confirm the presence of lithium or indicator elements which may suggest the presence of lithium nearby. The majority of the pegmatite outcrops along the Mia Exploration Trend exhibit a similar mineralogy and texture compared with the outcrops that have confirmed spodumene.

Minimal field work was completed at the Bruce Trend to the north and the Lady Trend to the south of the Mia Trend during 2023. Geochemical results (tantalum, rubidium and cesium) from both the Bruce Trend and the Lady Trend affirm each trend as being prospective for lithium-bearing LCT-style pegmatite mineralization.



Mineralized Zones, Mia Trend

In the Fall of 2023, a total of 31 drill holes for approximately 5,601 m were completed on the Mia Trend.

The work completed at the MIA 1 Zone successfully traced the shallowly-dipping pegmatite between the southern fence of holes and the northern fence of holes for a north-south distance of 250 m and an east-west distance of approximately 90 m. Initial interpretations suggest that the same pegmatite bodies may extend eastward toward the MIA 2 Zone for an east-west distance of 300 m.

Drilling at the Carte Zone, which is at the eastern end of the 10 km Mia Trend, defined two shallowly-dipping pegmatite bodies. The near-surface pegmatite body ranges in thickness between 3.4 and 7.3 m (core length).

During January 2024, 20 drill holes were completed on the Mia Trend to follow up on the Fall 2023 drill program. Eleven drill holes were completed on Mia Zones 1, 2 & 3 and nine drill holes were completed along the remainder of the Mia Trend for a collective total of 8,685 m drilled over 50 drill holes.

Drill results at the Mia Zone confirmed the previously announced spodumene mineralization within a continuous pegmatite zone that dips gently to the north. Thickness of the mineralized zone varies from 8 to 20 m and extends roughly 600 m east-west and roughly 375 m north-south. The pegmatite body appears to be open to the west, east and north. The 2024 winter drill program confirmed the continuity of the mineralization in some areas of the zone, while also showing some grade variability at the northern portions of the pegmatite at depth, with pegmatite intervals as expected but without significant lithium grades in holes 42, 44, 46, 48.

The results of the greater Mia Trend have revealed significantly wide pegmatite intervals, with relevantly anomalous LCT-style geochemistry, but without significant lithium intervals.

Stellar Project

The Stellar Project, acquired by staking, was comprised of 77 EERs totaling 3,972 ha in the territory of the Wemindji Cree Nation, Eeyou Istchee, James Bay, Quebec, Canada. The Stellar Project claims lapsed on October 26, 2025 and the Company wrote off the \$20,981 carrying value of the property.

Big Hill & Titan Gold Projects, Queensland Australia

The Big Hill Gold Project consists of a single Exploration Permit (“EPM”) EPM 18255 covering 24km² and includes two discrete granted mining leases (“ML”) owned by Big Hill Gold Mining Company Pty Ltd. on the EPM. The EPM, which is within the Talgai Goldfield, covers the historic mines of Big Hill (ML50287), Queenslander, Monte Cristo and Sultan & Taylor (ML50286). The Titan Gold Project, contiguous to the Big Hill Gold Project, covers 109km² with 40 historic small scale high-grade mines under a single Exploration Permit 27507. The Company acquired the Big Hill and Titan Gold Projects in 2021.

The Talgai Goldfield is one of eight historical Goldfields in the broader Warwick-Texas District active in the late 19th century, which include Canal Creek, Thanes Creek, Leyburn, Palgrave, Pikedale, Lucky Valley and MacDonald Goldfields. The bulk of production in the historical mines of EPM18255 and the broader Warwick-Texas District occurred from initial discovery in 1864 until the early 1900s. Small-scale activity continued during intermittent periods in the 20th century with many of the larger historic mines remaining under mining leases and which have had limited modern exploration over the main lode deposits to date.

No exploration work has been undertaken by the Company on the Big Hill and Titan Gold Projects since 2022 and as such, the Company has impaired and written down the Big Hill and Titan Gold Projects to \$1 each.

Selected Annual Financial Data

The following selected financial data is derived from the audited financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with IFRS.

	Year ended February 28, 2026	Year ended February 28, 2025	Year ended February 29, 2024
	\$	\$	\$
Operations			
Revenues	-	-	-
Expenses	10,740,518	5,183,847	196,324
Net Loss before taxes	10,740,518	5,183,847	196,324
Balance Sheet			
Working Capital	11,860,406	11,332,129	4,684,369
Total Assets	83,386,139	48,910,233	28,860,551

Results of Operations

The Company had a net loss before taxes of \$10,740,518 (\$0.08 per share) during the year ended February 28, 2026, compared with a net loss of \$5,183,847 (\$0.05 per share) during the year ended February 28, 2025. No revenues were earned in either period. The significant expenses for the periods include the following:

- Spending on advertising, investor relations, and promotion (2026: \$1,601,361; 2025: \$742,672) increased over the period due to promotion of the Company’s Cisco Project and attending various conferences and tradeshow;

- Consulting fees (2026: \$593,835; 2025: \$479,760) increased over the period due to the hiring of additional consultants for increased business activities;
- Director's fees (2026: \$100,000; 2025: \$90,000) for monthly fees paid to its directors;
- Filing and transfer agent fees (2026: \$117,622; 2025: \$116,557) was consistent over the periods;
- Professional fees (2026: \$215,965; 2025: \$172,195) for accounting, audit, and legal fees;
- Share-based compensation (2026: \$6,979,496; 2025: \$4,765,442) is determined by the Black Scholes calculation for options granted and/or vested during the period;
- Interest income (2026: \$479,280; 2025: \$199,410) is determined by cash balances and interest rates;
- Flow-through premium recovery (2026: \$2,409,947; 2025: \$1,063,861) increased as the Company completed the required flow-through expenditures during the period; and
- Impairment (2026: \$3,915,924; 2025: \$nil) related to the expiry of the Stellar Project claims and the write down of the Big Hill and Titan Gold projects.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following selected information has been extracted from the Company's unaudited quarterly financial statements. All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars in accordance with IFRS.

	February 28, 2026	November 30, 2025	August 31, 2025	May 31, 2025
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue (loss)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	(10,046,416)	349,281	(398,374)	(645,009)
Net (loss) per share	(0.06)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Total assets	83,386,139	86,548,352	81,512,130	47,775,418
Working capital	11,860,406	18,255,741	22,731,588	7,512,156
Total liabilities	9,078,671	5,659,058	6,716,005	1,425,011
Equity	74,307,468	80,889,294	74,796,125	46,350,407

	February 28, 2025	November 30, 2024	August 31, 2024	May 31, 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue (loss)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	(1,883,957)	(2,571,148)	50,875	(779,617)
Net (loss) per share	(0.01)	(0.02)	0.00	(0.01)
Total assets	48,910,233	40,734,064	40,250,590	27,052,273
Working capital	11,332,129	5,935,441	5,061,552	3,641,396
Total liabilities	2,123,794	921,542	2,491,297	611,724
Equity	46,786,439	39,812,522	37,759,293	26,440,549

Fourth Quarter

During the quarter ended February 28, 2026, the Company had a net loss before taxes of \$10,046,416, compared to a net loss of \$1,883,957 during the quarter ended February 28, 2025. The contributing factors to the change during the periods can be attributed to decreased share-based compensation and the timing of the recovery of the flow-through premium recovery.

Third Quarter

During the quarter ended November 30, 2025, the Company had net income of \$349,281, compared to a net loss of \$2,571,148 during the quarter ended November 30, 2024. The contributing factors to the change during the periods can be attributed to decreased share-based compensation and the timing of the recovery of the flow-through premium recovery.

Second Quarter

During the quarter ended August 31, 2025, the Company had a net loss of \$398,374, compared to net income of \$50,875 during the quarter ended August 31, 2024. The contributing factors to the change during the periods can be attributed to increased share-based compensation and increased expenses related to the Company's increased business activities and promotion as part of the exploration of the Cisco Project, and the timing of the recovery of the flow-through premium recovery.

First Quarter

During the quarter ended May 31, 2025, the Company had a net loss of \$645,009, compared to net loss of \$779,617 during the quarter ended May 31, 2024. The contributing factors to the change during the periods can be attributed to increased share-based compensation and increased expenses related to the Company's increased business activities and promotion as part of the exploration of the Cisco Project.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company is dependent on raising funds by the issuance of shares, borrowing or subsequent disposition of interests in mineral properties it may own or otherwise acquire in order to finance further acquisitions, undertake exploration of other mineral properties and meet general and administrative expenses in the immediate and longer term.

As at February 28, 2026, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$16,601,359 as compared to \$12,385,275 at February 28, 2025. The Company had working capital of \$11,860,406 at February 28, 2026, compared with a working capital of \$11,332,129 at February 28, 2025.

The future funding needs of the Company are dependent upon the Company's ability to obtain additional equity and/or debt financing. The inability to raise adequate financing would jeopardize the Company's ability to maintain its Projects. The Company continues to closely monitor its ongoing requirements and to explore all methods of raising additional funds. There can be no certainty that such additional funds may be raised when required.

Related Party Transactions

During the years ended February 28, 2026 and 2025, the Company incurred the following with officers or directors of the Company:

	2026	2025
Key management compensation* - cash	\$970,004	\$643,671
Compensation – share-based compensation	\$6,313,973	\$2,509,926

* Key management includes those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including the Company's executive officers and certain members of its Board of Directors.

Officers and directors of the Company and companies controlled by such individuals were owed \$18,334 as at February 28, 2026 (2025 – \$6,876) for expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business. The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment.

Outstanding and Convertible Common Shares

The issued and outstanding shares of the Company total 196,342,076 as of February 28, 2026 and 238,643,232 as of the date of this report (2025: 147,582,124).

Shares Issued During the Year Ended February 28, 2026 and up to the date of this report:

On June 12, 2025, 16,500,000 shares were issued with a fair value of \$8,850,000 (\$0.52 per share) in connection with the acquisition of the Cisco Project. See Note 6.

On August 14, 2025, the Company completed a private placement of 26,000,000 common shares that qualified as “flow-through shares” (within the meaning of subsection 66(15) of the Tax Act (as defined below) (the “FT Shares”) at a price of \$1.00 per FT Share (the “Offering Price”) for total gross proceeds of \$26,000,000 (the “Offering”). The Offering was conducted between Canaccord Genuity Corp., as sole agent and bookrunner (the “Agent”), and the Company and consisted of the sale of 25,000,000 FT Shares (the “LIFE FT Shares”) sold pursuant to the listed issuer financing exemption under Part 5A of National Instrument 45-106 – Prospectus Exemptions (“NI 45-106”) as amended by Coordinated Blanket Order 45-935 – Exemptions from Certain Conditions of the Listed Issuer Financing Exemption (the “Listed Issuer Financing Exemption”) and 1,000,000 FT Shares (the “Non-LIFE FT Shares”) pursuant to prospectus exemptions under NI 45-106 other than the Listed Issuer Financing Exemption. As consideration for the Agent's services, the Agent received a cash commission of \$1,300,000 and 1,300,000 nontransferable broker warrants (the “Broker Warrants”) with each Broker Warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one common share of the Company (a “Broker Share”) at a price of \$0.90 per Broker Share for a period of three years from the closing date of the Offering. The Offering was approved by the TSX Venture Exchange on September 16, 2025. The LIFE FT Shares are not subject to any hold period under applicable Canadian securities laws. The Non-LIFE FT Shares are subject to a hold period of four months and one day from the closing date of the Offering under applicable Canadian securities laws. The Company will use an amount equal to

the gross proceeds received by the Company from the sale of the FT Shares, pursuant to the provisions in the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the “Tax Act”), to incur (or be deemed to incur) eligible Qualifying Expenditures.

On November 14, 2025, 3,500,000 shares were issued with a fair value of \$4,200,000 (\$1.20 per share) in connection with the acquisition of the Cisco Project.

Subsequent to February 28, 2026, the Company issued 10,000,000 common shares in connection with the Cisco Project, as well as issued a further 796,178 Company common shares to the Cisco Vendor in lieu of cash to pay the \$2,500,000 bonus due on the completion and delivery of an initial mineral resource calculation report demonstrating an inferred resource (or higher category) of at least 25 million tonnes grading over 1% Li₂O.

On May 26, 2026, the Company closed a private placement by issuing 5,556,000 flow-through common shares (the “FT Shares”) at a price for \$3.60 per FT Share and 20,409,000 common shares at a price of \$2.45 per share (the “NFT Shares”) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$70,003,650 (the “Offering”). The Offering was conducted on a bought deal private placement basis pursuant to an underwriting agreement dated May 26, 2026 with Canaccord Genuity Corp., as lead underwriter and sole bookrunner, ATB Capital Markets Corp. and BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. (the “Underwriters”). Pursuant to the Offering, the Company paid \$3,850,201 in cash commissions and issued 649,126 warrants to the Underwriters, as well as \$161,280 in other cash share issue costs. The finders’ warrants are exercisable at a price of \$2.45 per share until May 29, 2026.

During the year ended February 28, 2026, 2,057,095 share purchase warrants were exercised for total gross proceeds of \$1,028,547 and 702,857 stock options were exercised for gross proceeds of \$179,000.

Subsequent to the year ended February 28, 2026, 5,234,978 share purchase warrants were exercised for gross proceeds of \$2,825,489 and 305,000 stock options were exercised for gross proceeds of \$230,750.

Shares Issued During the year ended February 28, 2025:

On March 8, 2024, 25,000 share purchase warrants priced at \$0.305 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$7,625.

On June 13, 2024, 20,000,000 shares were issued with a fair value of \$5,600,000 (\$0.28 per share) in connection with acquisition of the Cisco Project.

On July 31, 2024, the Company closed a first tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 1,142,857 flow-through units of the Company for gross proceeds of \$400,000. Gross proceeds from the issuance of the flow-through units was used to incur Qualifying Expenditures.

On July 31, 2024, the Company closed a first tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 8,519,998 non-flow-through units for gross proceeds of \$2,130,000. Proceeds from the sale of the non-flow-through units was used for general working capital. Aggregate finders’ fees

of \$23,175 and 57,600 broker warrants were paid to arm's length finders in connection with the first tranche closing of this non-brokered private placement, with each such broker warrant bearing the same terms as the Warrants.

On August 9, 2024, the Company closed a second and final tranche of the non-brokered private placement by issuing 8,506,315 charity flow-through units for gross proceeds of \$4,040,500. Gross proceeds from the issuance of the charity flow-through units and the flow-through units was used to incur Qualifying Expenditures.

On August 9, 2024, the Company also closed a second and final tranches of two non-brokered private placement by issuing 22,800 FT Units of the Company for gross proceeds of \$7,980 and 1,200,000 NFT Units of the Company for gross proceeds of \$300,000. Proceeds from the sale of the NFT Units will be used for general working capital. Aggregate finders' fees of \$62,250 and 249,000 broker warrants were paid to arm's length finders in connection with the second tranche, with each such broker warrant bearing the same terms as the Warrants.

During the year ended February 28, 2025, the following warrants and options were exercised:

- 5,474,425 share purchase warrants priced at \$0.305 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,669,700;
- 12,808,333 share purchase warrants priced at \$0.60 per share for gross proceeds of \$7,685,000;
- 240,000 share purchase warrants priced at \$0.50 per share for gross proceeds of \$120,000;
- 51,428 stock options priced at \$0.35 for gross proceeds of \$18,000;
- 100,000 stock options priced at \$0.20 for gross proceeds of \$20,000; and
- 100,000 stock options priced at \$0.42 for gross proceeds of \$42,000.

The following is a breakdown of the share capital of the Company, on an annual basis, quarterly basis and as at the date of this report:

	June 29, 2026	February 28, 2026	February 28, 2025
Common Shares	238,643,232	196,342,076	147,582,124
Stock Options	14,785,000	15,000,000	13,502,857
Warrants	4,419,636	9,005,489	9,762,584
Fully Diluted Shares	257,847,868	220,347,565	170,847,565

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at the date of this report:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Number of Exercisable Options
2,750,000	\$0.20	December 7, 2026	2,750,000
2,200,000	\$0.42	January 10, 2028	2,300,000
1,200,000	\$0.85	March 2, 2028	1,200,000
1,450,000	\$0.31	May 22, 2029	1,450,000
2,600,000	\$1.26	November 12, 2028	2,600,000
2,450,000	\$0.82	December 20, 2029	2,450,000
1,145,000	\$0.95	October 27, 2030	1,145,000
900,000	\$2.11	January 22, 2031	900,000
90,000	\$2.99	June 9, 2031	-
14,785,000			14,695,000

On May 22, 2024, the Company granted 1,500,000 stock options to directors, officers and consultants of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.31 per share until May 22, 2029. A fair value of \$433,327 was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The following weighted average assumptions were used: share price - \$0.31; dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility - 159.40%; risk free interest rate - 3.66%; and expected life - 5 years. The options vested immediately upon grant.

On November 12, 2024, the Company granted 2,600,000 stock options to a consultant. The options are exercisable at the price of \$1.26 per share until November 12, 2028. A fair value of \$2,401,078 was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The following weighted average assumptions were used: share price - \$1.01; dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility - 174.22%; risk free interest rate - 3.13%; and expected life - 4 years. The options vested immediately upon grant.

On December 20, 2024, the Company granted 2,500,000 stock options to directors, officers, and consultants. The options are exercisable at the price of \$0.82 per share unit until December 20, 2029. A fair value of \$1,818,143 was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The following weighted average assumptions were used: share price - \$0.78; dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility - 161.35%; risk free interest rate - 3.05%; and expected life - 5 years. The options vested immediately upon grant.

On October 27, 2025, the Company granted 1,300,000 stock options directors, officers and consultants of the Company at the price of \$0.95 per share unit until October 27, 2030. A fair value of \$1,126,120 was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The following weighted average assumptions were used: share price - \$0.93; dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility - 160.64%; risk free interest rate - 2.62%; and expected life - 5 years. The options vested immediately upon grant.

On January 22, 2026, the Company granted 900,000 stock options to directors, officers, and consultants. The options are exercisable at the price of \$2.11 per share unit until January 22,

2031. A fair value of \$1,932,592 was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The following weighted average assumptions were used: share price - \$2.30; dividend yield – 0%; expected volatility – 159.39%; risk free interest rate – 2.94%; and expected life – 5 years. The options vested immediately upon grant.

On June 9, 2026, the Company granted 90,000 stock options to employees. The options are exercisable at the price of \$2.99 per share unit until June 9, 2031.

RSUs, DSUs, and PSUs

On December 20, 2024, the Company granted an aggregate 750,000 deferred share units (each, a “DSU”) and 6,000,000 performance share units (each, a "PSU") to certain directors and executive officers of the Company pursuant to its equity incentive plan. The DSUs will vest one year after their date of grant and do not settle until a director ceases to serve as a director of the Company. The PSUs will vest on the later of (a) one year after their date of grant and (b) the successful completion of specific key performance objectives. Any PSUs that have not vested on or before December 20, 2027 will expire. Once vested, each PSU and DSU will entitle the holder thereof to receive either one common share of the Company or the cash equivalent of one common share, as determined by the board of directors of the Company, net of applicable withholdings.

On January 22, 2026, the Company granted an aggregate of 976,303 PSUs, 132,701 restricted share units (each, a “RSU”) and 379,147 DSUs to certain directors, executive officers and consultants of the Company. The PSUs vest on the later of (a) one year after their date of grant and (b) the successful completion of specific key performance objectives that are assigned to each PSU. Any PSUs that have not vested on or before January 22, 2029 will expire. The RSUs shall vest in three equal tranches, with one-third vesting on each of the first, second, and third anniversaries of the date of grant and the DSUs vest one year after their date of grant and do not settle until a director ceases to serve as a director of the Company.

The following table summarizes information about warrants outstanding and exercisable at the date of this report:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Number of Exercisable Warrants
756,554	\$0.50	July 31, 2026	756,554
20,800	\$0.50	July 31, 2026*	20,800
2,213,157	\$0.50	August 9, 2026	2,213,157
780,000	\$0.90	August 14, 2028*	780,000
649,126	\$2.45	May 26, 2029*	649,126
4,419,637			4,419,637

*Indicates broker warrants

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

As the Company has not had significant revenue from operations in either of its last two financial years, the following is a breakdown of the material costs incurred:

	Year Ended February 28, 2026	Year Ended February 28, 2025
Capitalized Exploration and Development Cost	\$33,586,676	\$13,625,461
General and Administration Expenses	\$9,712,114	\$6,432,690

Financial Risk Factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest rate, foreign exchange rate, and metals price risk).

Risk management is carried out by the Company's management team with guidance from the Audit Committee under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors also provides regular guidance for overall risk management.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if the Company's access to the capital market is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in stock market conditions generally or related to matters specific to the Company. The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities. As at February 28, 2026, the Company had a cash balance of \$16,601,359 (2025 - \$12,385,275) to settle current liabilities of \$6,088,671 (2025 - \$1,857,794). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company regularly evaluates its cash position to ensure preservation and security of capital as well as maintenance of liquidity. The Company has no other contractual obligations other than trade and other payables. As discussed in Note 1 of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the Company's ability to meet its obligations and carry out its planned exploration activities is uncertain and dependent upon the continued financial support of its shareholders and securing additional financing.

Market risk

(a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in guaranteed investment certificates or interest-bearing accounts of select major Canadian chartered banks and financial institutions. The Company regularly monitors compliance to its cash management policy.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar and a significant portion of the Company's expenditures are transacted in Canadian dollars. As a result, the Company's exposure to the foreign currency risk is minimal at this time but may increase as the Company develops its Australia-based properties.

(c) Commodity price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to base and precious metal prices. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk for the Company is primarily associated with amounts receivable, which is comprised of GST/HST receivable due from the Government of Canada and QST from Revenu Quebec. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from its operations. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to amounts receivable is low.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Critical judgements and estimation uncertainties

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Company's management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes to the consolidated financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. The areas which require management to make significant judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

Going concern

Evaluation of the ability of the Company to realize its strategy for funding its future needs for working capital involves making judgements.

Capitalization of exploration and evaluation expenditures

Management has determined that exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred during the year have future economic benefits and are economically recoverable. In making this judgement, management has assessed various sources of information including, but not limited to, the geologic and metallurgic information, history of conversion of mineral deposits to proven and probable mineral reserves, scoping and feasibility studies, proximity of operating facilities, operating management expertise and existing permits. See Note 6 of the condensed interim financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2026 for details of capitalized exploration and evaluation expenditures.

Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

While assessing whether any indications of impairment exist for exploration and evaluation assets, consideration is given to both external and internal sources of information. Information the Company considers include changes in the market, economic and legal environment in which the Company operates that are not within its control and affect the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. Internal sources of information include the manner in which exploration and evaluation assets are being used or are expected to be used and indications of expected economic performance of the assets. Reductions in metal price forecasts, increases in estimated future costs of production, increases in estimated future capital costs, reductions in the amount of recoverable mineral reserves and mineral resources and/or adverse current economics can result in a write-down of the carrying amounts of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets.

Share-based payments

Management determines costs for share-based payments using market-based valuation techniques. The fair value of the market-based and performance-based non-vested share awards are determined at the date of grant using generally accepted valuation techniques. Assumptions are made and judgement used in applying valuation techniques. These assumptions and judgements include estimating the future volatility of the stock price, expected dividend yield, future employee turnover rates and future employee stock option exercise behaviors and corporate performance. Such judgements and assumptions are inherently uncertain. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value estimates.

Forward Looking Statements

This MD&A contains "forward-looking statements" and "forward-looking information" (collectively, "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable Canadian legislation. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as: "believes", "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "estimates", "plans", "may", "should", "would", "will",

“potential”, “scheduled” or variations of such words and phrases and similar expressions, which, by their nature, refer to future events or results that may, could, would, might or will occur or be taken or achieved. Accordingly, all statements in this MD&A that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements and include statements regarding beliefs, plans, expectations and orientations regarding the future including, without limitation, any statements or plans regard the geological prospects of the Company’s properties and the future exploration endeavors of the Company.

Although the Company believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on a number of material factors and assumptions. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this MD&A speak only as of the date of this MD&A or as of the date specified in such statement. Forward looking statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to the Company’s objectives, goals or future plans, statements, exploration results, potential mineralization, the estimation of mineral resources, exploration and mine development plans, timing of the commencement of operations and estimates of market conditions. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include failure to obtain necessary approvals, variations in ore grade or recovery rates, unsuccessful exploration results, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, results of future resource estimates, future metal prices, availability of capital and financing on acceptable terms, general economic, market or business conditions, risks associated with regulatory changes, defects in title, availability of personnel, materials and equipment on a timely basis, accidents or equipment breakdowns, uninsured risks, delays in receiving government approvals, unanticipated environmental impacts on operations and costs to remedy same.

Readers are cautioned that mineral exploration and development of mines is an inherently risky business and accordingly, the actual events may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as intended, planned, anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. Although the Company has attempted to identify important risks, uncertainties and factors which could cause actual results to differ materially, there may be others that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. The Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update this forward-looking information except as otherwise required by applicable law.